The Trauma of Love

How trauma gets
Transferred from one
Generation to the other

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www.franz-ruppert.de

Agenda

- Steps toward the multigenerational psychotraumatology
- Constellation method
- Traumatheory
- The Trauma of Love the process to transfere trauma
- Symbiotic Entanglements and their transgenerational effects
- Ways out of Symbiotic Trauma and symbiotic entanglements

My development with the constellation method

1994 - 1998: Family constellations

1999 - 2002: Movements of the Soul

2003 - 2009: Trauma Constellations

2010 - : Constellation of the Intention

Methodological Structure of the "Constellations of the Intention"

- Client finds and formulates his intention
- Client chooses a representative for his intention
- Therapist observes and interprets the interaction between client and intention
- Therapist supplements the context of the problem by proposing to add further representatives
- Therapist intervenes in order that the client is able to gain more healthy structures in his psyche



General symptoms of a trauma



- hyperarousal and hypervigilance
- extreme anxiety and panic
- permanent feelings of helplessness, hopelessness, sadness
- numbing of all feelings
- intrusions of the traumatic situation in the mind

General symptoms of a trauma



- Avoidance behavior
- Feelings of unreality
- Depersonalisation
- Dissociation
- Somatization
- Hallucinations
- Losing bonding capacities

A life experience becomes not only stressful but traumatic

if we face a mortal risk, and are incapable of dealing with it with the help of our stress programs.

Our stress programs make the situation even worse.

Therefore we end up in a state of helplessness and agony and the stress programs have to be stopped.



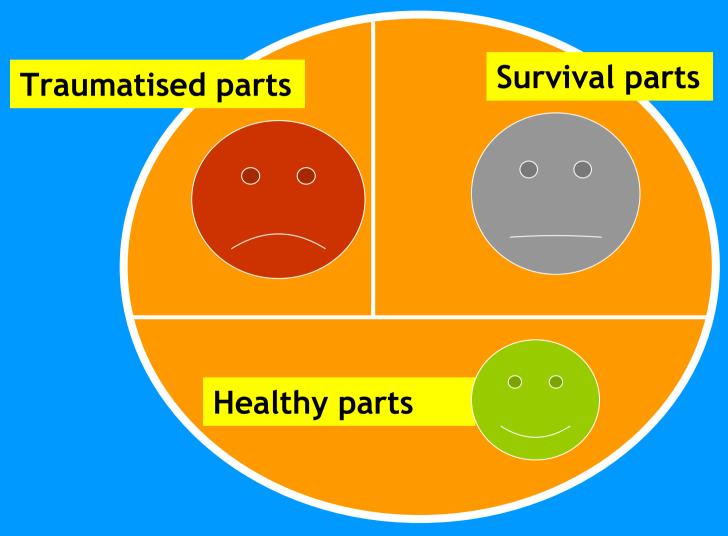
The Trauma-emergencymechanism consists of:

Immobilization
Freezing
Dissociating
Splitting in the psychic structure

It helps us to survive.



Splits in the personality and identity structure after a traumatic experience



Four types of psychic trauma



- Trauma of existential Threat (being involved in a life threatening event)
- Trauma of existential Loss (losing a person to whom one is bonded)
- Trauma of Bonding (being rejected by the person one needs to bond to)
- ❖Traumatization of a bonding system (perpetrator-victim-dynamics in a bonding system caused by violence, incest or murder)



Traumatization by Human Violence

Traumatization of Sexuality Traumatization of Love

The Trauma of Love / Symbiotic Trauma - the process to transfer trauma from one generation to the other

Human development takes places between the polarities of symbiotic needs and the desire for autonomy.



Symbiotic Neccesities

- ❖Being really welcomed
- ❖Being nurtured
- ❖Being kept warm
- Getting body contact
- ❖Being held
- ❖Being seen
- Being understood
- Getting support
- Belonging together



Desires for Autonomy

to gain confidence in one's own perceptions, feelings and thoughts

to rely on one's own ability to act

to find inner support in oneself

to do things oneself

to act independendly

to make one's own decisions

❖to be free

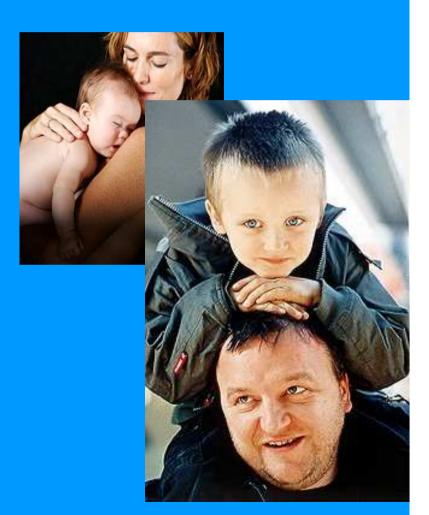
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What makes a healthy development of the human psyche possible?

Symbiotic needs for warmth, protection, holding, love and belonging are fulfilled by a child's mother and father.

Desires for autonomy are supported by both parents.



The most powerful psychological experience of every human being is

the symbiotic relationship with their mother.



Symbiotically every child is bonded to their mother in two ways:

passively: the psychological qualities of the mother are an unconscious imprint on the child's psyche

actively: the child adapts to their mother and tries to support her needs



Children love their mothers however they are and what they do to them

For a child, his relationship to his mother can become a traumatic experience - a symbiotic trauma

The child is helpless and incapable of establishing a safe, holding relationship with his mother who is traumatised (eg by loss of a baby, violence, wars, sexual abuse, not being loved by her parents, suffering from a symbiotic trauma herself).



Traumatised mothers can

Be emotionally unavailable
Disrespect boundaries
Carry heavy emotional burdens
(anxieties, rage, pain)
Act unpredictably
Be extremely emotionally needy
Be violent

Their psychic structure is split.



Transgenerational Trauma

The trauma experiencies of parents (trauma of existential threat, trauma of loss, symbiotic trauma) are transferred to their children via the bonding processes and thus causing a trauma of love and often also traumatization of sexuality.

Healthy psychic structures of a child

- Own life force
- Own will to live
- Healthy basic needs
- Joy to move
- Joy to play
- Joy to learn
- Openess, creativity

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Characteristics of the traumatised part in a symbiotic trauma

- Desperation that there is no love from the parents
- Feeling abandoned and extremely lonely
- Terrified it has to die
- Suppressed rage
- Suppressed mourning
- Extreme withdrawal
- Tendency to give up



Characteristics of the survival strategies in symbiotic trauma

Struggling with the parents to get their love

- Idealising mother and father
- Identifying with the survival strategies of the parents
- Wanting to rescue the parents
- Merging with the traumatised parts of parents or grandparents, mixing up with the trauma of the former generations
- Denying one's own trauma

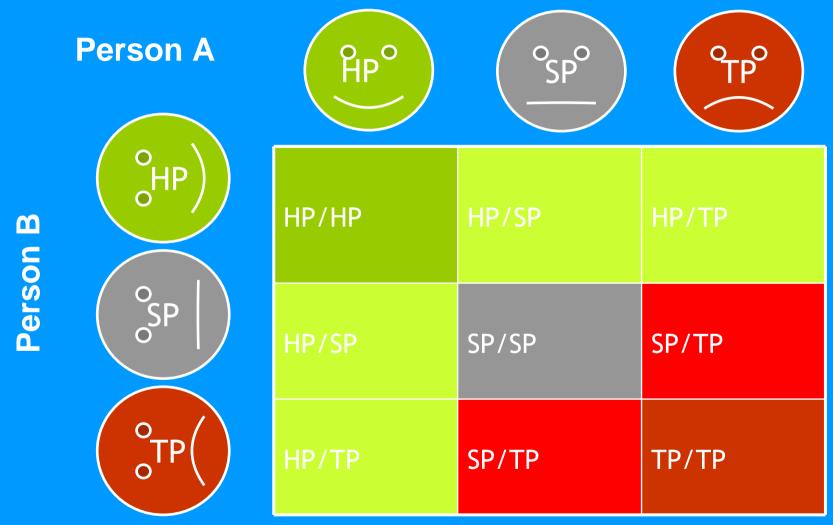
Consequences of a Trauma of Love

- Inability to distinguish between ones own feelings and those taken over from others
- Living another person's identity
- Lifelong symbiotic entanglement with the parents
- Symbiotic entanglement in all other close relationships
- Psychic problems of all sorts (anxiety, hyperactivity, depression, addictions, psychosis ...)



- If the first loving relationsships of a child with his parents are traumatizing relationsships this can influence all other relationsships later in life.
- Symbiotically entangled relationsships become normal.

Healthy and symbiotically entangled relationships



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Steps towards resolving a Trauma of Love

- Acknowledging one own's trauma
- Learning to distinguish between realities and illusions
- Learning to distinguish between own feelings and those of others
- Finding back to one's own healthy needs
- Learning to keep borders
- Separating from symbiotic entangled relationships
- No longer trying to save others
- Living healthy and constructive relationships

Trauma Therapy





Announcement

- 10.-12. October 2014 in Munich
- 2nd International Conference
- Healthy Relationsships and the Constellation of the Intention
- www.healthy-autonomy.de

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